

GLOSSARIY

Tushunchalar	O'zbek tilida izoh	Ingliz tilida izoh
Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlari	Qadimgi Gretsiyadagi diniy va sport bayramlari	Antique Olympic game Religious and sports holiday of the Ancient Greece's
Qadimgi Olimpiya	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlari o'tkazilgan shaharcha	Ancient Olympia One of policies (cities) , capital of Games of antique time
“Muqaddas tinchlik”	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlari davomida e'lon qilingan tinchlik	Sacred the reword during ancient Olympic games
Stadiy	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarida yugurish masofasi	Stages Run distance on ancient Olympic games
Stadiodrom	Qadimgi Gretsiyada 175m dan 192,27 m gacha yugurish masofasi	Run on a distance from 175 m 192,27m of the Ancient Greece's
Pentatlon	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarida beshkurash sporti	Five kinds of sports on ancient Olympic games
Pankration	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarida ikkita sport turi	Two kinds of sports on ancient Olympic games
Pedotrib	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlaridagi murabbiylar	Trainers in ancient Olympic games
Ellanodik	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarining hakamlari	Judges in the ancient Olympic
Olimpionik	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarining g'oliblari	The winner time of ancient Olympic games
Diaulos	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarida 2 stadiyga yugurish masofasi	Run on 2 stages on ancient Olympic games
Dolixodrom	Qadimgi Olimpiya o'yinlarida 24 stadiyda yugurish masofasi	Run on 24 stages on ancient Olympic games
Olimpiada	Olimpiya o'yinlari o'rasidagi to'rt yillik davr	The Olympic Games Games are spent each 4 years
Olimpiya Xartiyasi	Olimpiya xartiyasi Xalqaro Olimpiya qo'mitasi tomonidan qabul qilingan olimpizm asosiy tamoyillari, qoidalari va rasmiy izohlari berilgan hujjatdir.	The Olympic Charter is the codification of the Fundamen-tal Principles of Olympism, Rules and Bye-laws adopted by the International Olympic Committee.

Xalqaro Olimpiya Akademiyasi	Xalqaro olimpiya akademiya-si 1961 yil 14 iyunda rasmiy ravishda tashkil qilingan.	International Olympic Academie established in 1961 year.
Olimpiya shiori	Olimpiya shiori – tezroq, balandroq, kuchliroq – 1886 yili yuzaga kelgan va Dominikan diniy xizmatchi Pyer Didonga mansub hisoblanadi, Kuberten uni tanigan.	The Olympic Motto - citius, altius, fortius (faster, higher, stronger) - was derived from 1886 and the credo of Pierre Didon, a Dominican priest whom Coubertin knew.
Olimpiya harakati	Olimpiya harakati. Olimpiya harakati XOQ rahbarligidagi harakat bo'lib, o'z tarkibida Olimpiya xartiyasiga rioya qiladigan sportchilar, tashkilotlar va boshqa shaxslardan iborat.	Olympic movement Under the supreme authority and leadership of the International Olympic Committee, the Olympic Movement encompasses organisations, athletes and other persons who agree to be guided by the Olympic Charter.
Olimpizm	Olimpizm - bu tana, iroda va ong qadr qimmatini muvozanatlashgan bir butunlikka birlashtiruvchi hayot falsafasidir.	Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind.
Olimpiya o'yinlari	Olimpiya o'yinlari – bu individual va jamoa sport turlari bo'yicha mamlakatlar o'rtasida emas, balki sportchilar o'rtasidagi musobaqalardir. Olimpiya o'yinlari yozgi va qishki Olimpiya o'yinlaridan iborat.	Olympic Games* The Olympic Games are competitions between athletes in individual or team events and not between countries. The Olympic Games consist of the Games of the Olympiad and the Olympic Winter Games.
Olimpiya halqalari	Olimpiya halqalari beshta har xil rangli halqalarning birlashgan ramzlaridan iborat. Beshta halqalar – chapdan o'ngga- ko'k, qora, qizil, sariq va yashil ranglarda berilgan.	The Olympic symbol. The Olympic symbol consists of five interlaced rings of equal dimensions (the Olympic rings), used alone, in one or in five different colours. When used in its five-colour version, these colours shall be, from left to right, blue, yellow, black, green and red.

Xalqaro badminton federatsiyasi (XBF)	Xalqaro badminton federatsiyasi (XBF) 1934 yilda tashkil topgan.	International badminton federation (IBF) established in 1934 year.
Xalqaro gandbol federatsiyasi (XGF)	Xalqaro gandbol federatsiyasi (XGF) Kopenhaga 1946 yilda tashkil topgan.	International handball federation (IHF) established in 1946 year.
Olimpiya madhiyasi	Olimpiya madhiyasi “Qadimgi, doimiy va o’lmas ruh” yunon poemasidan kelib chiqqan va Spiros Samaras tomonidan musiqaga solingan. U ilk bor, 1896 yili ijro etilgan bo’lib, rasmiy tarzda 1958 yili qabul qilingan.	The Olympic Anthem derives from a Greek poem: 'Ancient, eternal and immortal spirit', put to music by Spyros Samaras. First performed in 1896, it was only officially adopted in 1958.
Olimpiya emblemalari va tumorlari	Olimpiya emblemalari va tumorlari (1972 yildan boshlab) har bir Olimpiya o’yinlari uchun ishlab chiqilgan.	Olympic emblems and mascots (since 1972) are designed for each Games.
Olimpiya olovi, mash’ala va estafeta	Olimpiya olovi, mash’ala va estafeta qadimda bo’lganga o’xshasada, 1928 yilgi Amsterdamdagi o’yinlarda birinchi bora qo’llanilgan. 1936 yildan boshlab olov Olimpiyada “quyosh nuridan” o’t oldiriladi. Olimpiya olovini tashkilotchi shaharga estafetasi muhim hodisa bo’lib qoldi, lekin 2008 yildan boshlab, u, xuddi shunday xalqaro marshrut bo’ylab o’tkazilmasligi mumkin. Olimpiya olovi barcha o’yinlar vaqtida yonib turadi.	The Olympic flame, torch and relay, whilst appearing to have great lineage, only dates from Amsterdam, 1928. From 1936, the flame was lit at Olympia from 'the sun's rays'. The torch relay to the host city became a major event but, following 2008, it is unlikely it will follow such an international route. The Olympic flame burns throughout the Games.
Xalqaro Olimpiya qo’mitasi (XOQ)	Xalqaro Olimpiya qo’mitasi xalqaro nodavlat notijorat tashkilot, assotsiatsiya shaklida va yuridik shaxs maqomiga ega tashkilot.	The International Olympic Committee (IOC) The IOC is an international non-governmental not-for-profit organisation, of unlimited duration, in the form of an

		association with the status of a legal person.
Xalqaro tennis federatsiyasi (XTF)	Xalqaro tennis federatsiyasi (XTF) 1912 yilda Parijda tashkil qilingan.	International tennis federation (ITF) established in 1912 year in Paris.
Xalqaro Olimpiya Qo'mitasining vazifasi	Kuberten tomonidan 1894 yili tashkil qilingan Xalqaro Olimpiya Qo'mitasi – olimpiya harakatining yuqori organi hisoblanadi va uning vazifasi “olimpizmni butun dunyoda ommalashtirish va olimpiya harakatini boshqarish”dan iborat.	Founded by Coubertin in 1894, the IOC is the 'supreme authority' of the Olympic movement with the mission: 'To promote Olympism throughout the world and to lead the Olympic movement'.
Milliy olimpiya qo'mitalari Bosh Assambleyasi (MOQ BA)	Milliy olimpiya qo'mitalari Bosh Assambleyasi (MOQ BA) 1968 yilda Mexikoda tashkil qilingan.	General Assembly of National olympic committees (GA NOC) established in 1968 year in Mexiko.
Xalqaro sport federatsiyalari Bosh Assotsiatsiyasi (XSF BA)	Xalqaro sport federatsiyalari Bosh Assotsiatsiyasi (XSF BA) Lozannada 1967 yilda tashkil qilingan.	General Association of International sports federations (GA ISF) established in 1967 year in Lausanne.
Xalqaro sport psixologiyasi Jamiyati (XSPJ)	Xalqaro sport psixologiyasi Jamiyati (XSPJ) 1964 yilda Rimda tashkil qilingan.	International Society of sports Psychology (ISSP) established in 1964 year in Rome.
Xalqaro sport akrobatika Federatsiyasi (XSAF)	Xalqaro sport akrobatika Federatsiyasi (XSAF) 1973 y. Moskvada tashkil topgan.	International federation of sports acrobatics (IFSA) established in Moscow in 1973 year.
Xalqaro stol tennisi federatsiyasi (XSTF)	Xalqaro stol tennisi federatsiyasi (XSTF) 1926 yilda Berlinda tashkil qilingan,	International table tennis federation (ITTF) established in 1926 year in Berlin.
Xalqaro og'ir atletika federatsiyasi (XOAF)	Xalqaro og'ir atletika federatsiyasi (XOAF) 1920 yilda Fransiyada tashkil qilingan.	International weightlifting federation (IWF) established in 1920 year in France.
Xalqaro futbol assotsiatsiyalari federatsiyasi (XFAF)	Xalqaro futbol assotsiatsiyalari federatsiyasi (XFAF) 1904 yilda Fransiyada tashkil qilingan.	Federation football International Association (FIFA) established in 1904 year in France.

Xalqaro jismoniy tarbiya va sport tarixi assotsiatsiyasi	Xalqaro jismoniy tarbiya va sport tarixi Assotsiatsiyasi Surix (Shveytsariya) da 1973 yilda tashkil qilingan.	International Association the History of physical education and sport established in 1973 year in Zurich (Switzerland).
Olimpiya o'yinlari sport turlari	Olimpiya o'yinlari sportning 36 ta har xil turlarini qamrab olgan: 26-28 ta yozgi Olimpiya o'yinlari va 7-8 ta qishki Olimpiya o'yinlarida.	The Olympic Games involves around 36 different sports: 26-28 in the Summer Games and 7-8 in the Winter Games.